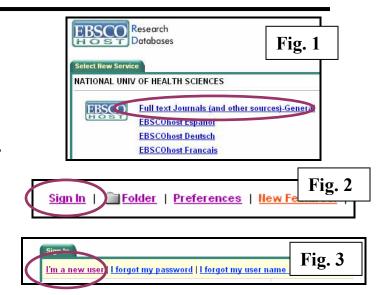
Introduction to EBSCOhost

Creating and Using a My EBSCOhost Account

A. Register for a My EBSCOhost Account

- 1 You can Access EBSCO in any of three ways.
 - Go to: http://search.ebscohost.com/
 - Use the LRC database page: http://www.nuhs.edu/show.asp?durki=216
 - Off Campus: Use the ID and Password List
- 2 Click on "Full text Journals (and other sources)-General" (fig. 1)
- 3 Select any of the databases and click "Continue"
 - Selecting one database allows the use of subject headings, controlled vocabulary – both a benefit to focused search strategies
- 4 Click on "Sign In", at the top right corner (fig. 2)
- 5 Click on "I'm a New User" on the next page
 - Fill in the information and click "Submit"
 - Please use your <u>NUHS student email</u> account to avoid spam filtering
- 6 Click "Continue" when you see the prompt



B. Sign in to My EBSCOhost

- 1 Go to http://search.ebscohost.com/
- 2 Click on "Full text Journals (and other sources)-General"
- 3 Select any of the databases and click "Continue"
- 4 Click on "Sign In", at the top right corner
- 5 Type in your Username and Password (fig. 4)



C. Save a Search to EBSCOhost and Get Email Updates

- 1 Go to http://search.ebscohost.com/
- 2 Log into you're My EBSCOhost account and select a database
- 3 Enter your Search terms in the Search Box (fig. 5)
- 4 On the Search Results page, click on "Search History/Alerts" (fig. 6)
- 5 Click on "Save Searches/Alerts" (fig. 7)
- 6 Follow the directions and click "Save"
 - Decide if you want to receive email updates
 - 1. If you desire efficient, automatic updates, Save Search as "Alert" (fig. 8)

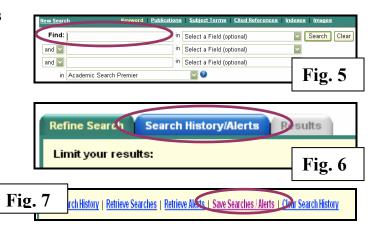


Fig. 8

Alert

Saved Search (Permanent)
Saved Search (Temporary, 24 hours)

Introduction to EBSCOhost

Performing a Basic Search

D. Creating a Basic Search

- 1 Go to: http://search.ebscohost.com/
- 2 Click on "Full text Journals (and other sources)-General"
- 3 Select any of the databases and click "Continue"
- 4 Enter your search terms in the **Find** field. (fig. 1)
- 5 Click the **Search** button. A Result List is displayed.



E. Searching Techniques

- Booleans (AND, OR, NOT) can be used to broaden or narrow your search.
- 2 The **Wildcard** (?) can be used to replace any character.
 - Enter ne?t to find results containing neat, nest or next.
- 3 Truncation (*) will find all forms of a word. Enter chiro* to find results containing chiropractic and chiropractor. Enter acup* to find results containing acupuncture and acupressure.
- The Near (N) operator will find search terms within x words of one another, <u>regardless of order</u>.
 - Enter chiropractic N5 manipulation to find results that would match chiropractic manipulation as well as manipulation and chiropractic adjustment. (Using N5 results in items within 5 words proximity from each other).
- 5 The **Within (W)** operator will find search terms within *x* words of one another, in the order in which you entered them.
 - Enter chiropractic W8 manipulation to find results that match chiropractic manipulation or chiropractic manipulation and modalities, but do not match manipulation and chiropractic adjustment. (Using W8 results in items within 8 words proximity from each other, in order).

F. Viewing Results (fig. 2)

- 1 The **Article Title** link takes you to the citation information and/or the full text. (fig. 3)
- The **HTML Full Text** link takes you directly to the full text of the article.
- The **PDF Full Text** link takes you to a PDF version of the full text. The PDF will open in the Adobe ® Reader®.
- 4 Clicking the **Folder** icon to the right of a result saves it to the Folder.
- When a **Find More Like This** appears, click to perform a search for articles with similar subject headings. A new Result List will display. (fig. 3)

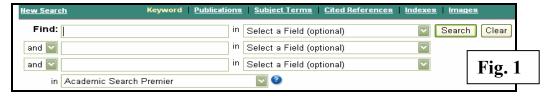




Introduction to EBSCOhost

Creating a link to an EBSCO*host* citation: Communicate professionally and efficiently by sending links to the biomedical evidence

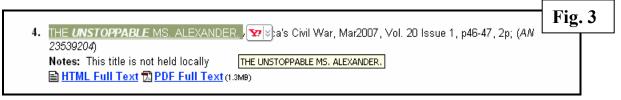
 Perform a basic search on EBSCOhost http://search.ebscohost.com/ (fig. 1)



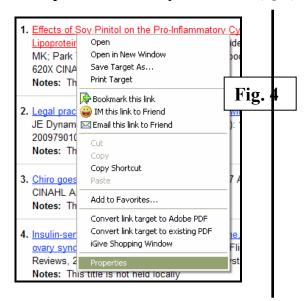
2. On the Results Page, find an article you like (fig. 2)



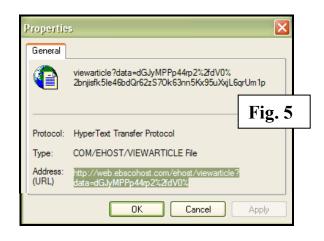
3. Right Click on the title link using your cursor (fig. 3)



4. **Select Properties** on the drop down menu (fig. 4)



- 5. Select the URL in the Properties box and copy it (ctrl + c) (fig. 5)
 - a. Make sure you scroll to select it all



6. In the Word Document, **Paste the URL** using ctrl + v, or Edit → Paste from the menu bar.